



MCA MOZAMBIQUE NEWSLETTER

MILLENNIUM CHALLENGE ACCOUNT MOZAMBIQUE

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MILLENNIUM
CHALLENGE CORPORATION
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



Ambassador Douglas M. Griffiths (right) and Deputy Vice President of Millennium Challenge Corporation, Andrew Mayock (Left) at a Press Conference held at the Nampula Airport on Wednesday night 29th August...

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Dear Readers,

We were delighted to have had Ambassador Douglas M. Griffiths and Deputy Vice President of Millennium Challenge Corporation, Andrew Mayock visit MCA Mozambique Projects in Nampula and Nacala between 27th to 29th August 2012.

MCA Mozambique has now entered into the first quarter of its final year of the Compact agreement and a huge effort is being made to keep on schedule with all projects towards their completion by September 2013.

Progress is evident in the Water Supply and Sanitation especially with the Nacala Dam rehabilitation which looks to be completed by early 2013. The first batch of rural water small scale solar systems have been concluded, with 400 manual hand pumps completed from the 600 planned.

The Roads project continues with civil works in all three road segments. On the Namialo – Rio Lúrio segment between kilometers 4+000 and Km 25+000 earthworks continue, cement stabilizing of sub-base and execution of base and execution of foundations for the widening of the bridge over the Monapo River. Works have also started on 20 out of 61 culverts to be rehabilitated on this road. On the Nampula – Rio Ligonha road, works done include cleaning of bushes and widening of the road, and compacting for construction of the widened part of the road section.

The Land Tenure Project has remarkably issued and delivered to urban beneficiaries a total of 30,636 land titles. Of these, 37% are held by female land holders that totals to 22% of the Compact target for urban titles delivered to date. In addition, 15 more paralegals in Cabo Delgado province have been trained, which brings the total to date to 288, of whom 56 are women, in all four provinces of project intervention.

The FISP continued its remarkable cutting and clearing of diseased coconut trees in Endemic and Epidemic zones. With the 6,910 out of the 7,500 annual target of hectares cleared, the project has now achieved 86% of the Compact target.

Futhermore MCA Mozambique has now paid a total of \$4.7 million in compensation agreements to a total of 3,165 out of 3,579 total Project Affected Persons (PAP's). Finally, disbursements to date is \$198.4 million out of the \$506.9 million total Compact grant. We hope you find this Newsletter issue very informative as the others have been.



Paulo Fumane
MCA - Mozambique Executive Director



SMALL SCALE SOLAR SYSTEM IN THE MCA MOZAMBIQUE RURAL WATER SUPPLY PROJECT



View of the Small Scale Water Supply Solar System

The Rural water supply project and the SSSS activity has a large impact especially with women and children as the time lost previously to carry water from a river to their village is now minimized allowing more time for other activities.

Women in these communities are predominantly taking the position as collectors of the monthly contributions that is then used for maintenance of the pumps.



Fato Assumane, Funds Collector



Isabel Jamisse, Funds Collector

MCA Mozambique in some districts of Cabo Delgado province is solving the chronic problem of access to safe drinking water, with the installation of small water supply systems with pumps that run on electricity generated by solar panels. The installation of these systems, also known as SSSS (Small Scale Solar Systems) is being implemented within the program for Rural Water Supply and Sanitation for the provinces of Nampula and Cabo Delgado.

The SSSS is equipped with an electric pump that works on energy produced by solar panels and pumps the water to a tank of 10,000 liters, situated in towers elevated six feet high, where it is distributed to three standpipes.

In the initial project, MCA-Mozambique was to provide only boreholes and install manual water pumps. However, as the project was being implemented, MCA-Mozambique soon realized that for the plateau region of (Nangade, Mocimboa da Praia and Palma) would not always be rational to use the hand pump, taking into account that the water was running deep into the ground as well as the solar system granted a larger flow of water benefitting as many as 4500 persons per source compared to the manual pumps that are estimated at 500 beneficiaries.

Fato Assumane, is a collector in one of the rural water points in Chitunda in Nangade District. She collects a daily income of about 600 Meticaís. On the day of the interview she was deeply engaged in her work and explained that activities start when the pump opens at 7:00 AM to 17:00 PM, with an interval of two hours at lunchtime.

Isabel Saiwace Jamisse is another collector in the Nangade District. She has a notebook in which she records all daily contributions that often reach 200-300 Meticaís, equivalent to ...USD.

"I'm happy, first because we have water nearby, and second, because I have a job to help my husband in household expenses," said Isabel Saiwace Jamisse, smiling.

The benefits provided by the smaller solar systems, are visible not only in the neighborhood of Raimundo Pachinuapa neighborhood, but also elsewhere, which creates small vegetable gardens for household consumption.

PROJECT STATUS WATER SUPPLY AND SANITATION PROJECT

Project	Interventions	Achievement	Contract details
Nampula Water Supply System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Intake at Monapo Dam - 16 km Transmission Main - New WTP with 20.000m3/d - Existing WTP to meet 20.000m3/d and Construction of 6.500m3 reservoirs with new Distribution Centers 	Total Physical works progress 30% with transmission main – 22%, New WTP at 64%, New clear tanks – 22% and EB1A – 22%, EB5 – 5%	Engineer: Burnside Contractor: CMC/CETA IE: FIPAG Contract: \$34.8 M Finish: March 2013
Nacala Water Supply System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Drill 4 new production wells - 33km of Transmission Main - New 25.000 m3/d WTP - Distribution centers/Reservoirs of 8.500m3 	Total Physical works progress 18% with Production wells – 100% and Transmission main 5%. The New WTP – 10% Distrib. centers/Reservoirs–20%	Engineer: Burnside Contractor: TECHNOFAB IE: FIPAG Contract: \$29.5 M Finish: April 2013
Nacala Dam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase capacity (4Mm3 - 6.6Mm3) - Temporary Deviation - Permanent deviation - Deviation and New Road - New spillway and bridge - Existing spillway and bridge - Earth Dam Wall - Concrete Dam Wall - outlet pump house 	Total Physical works progress 55% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Temporary Deviation – 100% - Permanent deviation – 70% - New spillway and bridge – 50% - Existing spillway/bridge – 75% - Earth dam wall – 65% - Concrete Dam Wall – 15% - outlet pump house – 30% 	Engineer: Jeffares & Green Contractor: WBHO IE: DNA/GOH Contact: \$26.2 M Finish: Feb. 2013

Project	Interventions	Achievement	Contract details
Nampula Storm Water Drainage System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rehabilitation of 9km pipes & galleries in urban area - Replacement of 10.5km pipes & galleries in urban area - New 8km channels in peri-urban areas 	Total Physical Progress – 10% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rehabilitation pipes/galleries-5% Replacement pipes/galleries-0% New channels - 10 	Engineer: Louis Berger Contractor: Gabriel Couto IE: AIAS Contract: \$13.5 M Completion: April 2013
Quelimane Storm Water Drainage System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Rehabilitation of 2.3km galleries in urban area - New 10.5km pipes & galleries in urban area - restoration of 11km channels 	Total Physical Progress – 15% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rehabilitation pipes/galleries-2% Replacement pipes/galleries-11% New channels - 4 	Engineer: Louis Berger Contractor: CMC/CETA IE: AIAS Contract: \$26.7 M Completion:
Rural Water	Construction of 600 new Water Points in Cabo Delgado and Nampula Provinces	Community Selection – 100% Community Training – 40% Hydro geological Surveys – 75% Construction of 384 WP– 64%	Project Manager: Cowater Contractor: one per lot of 40-60 water points each Contract: \$12.5 M Completion: March 2013

Nampula Drainage: Project Affected Persons success story

Due to the Rehabilitation and construction of Nampula Drainage, there were persons affected in that their homes were on the direct route of the drainage system to be constructed. One of these Project Affected Persons was Mrs Hermínia Sirage from the Muahivire neighborhood, Quarteirão 2 Muetasse and her two sons. The house that they lived in (similar to the one on the right) was on the edge of the new Drainage system to be built. After discussion with Mrs Herminia it was agreed that she would like MCA Mozambique to build her a new house just 5 metres behind her present house.

Ofcourse she was concerned as to what house she would receive but when the new house below was handed over she was incredible impressed. Now a few months later she welcomed us into her home and proudly showed us how beautiful her new house is and how thankful she is to MCA Mozambique and the government of Mozambique for keeping their promise and providing this house which was better than her old one.



The Old House in front of new one





LAND

Activities	Achievements
-Land Use Mapping (LUM)	12 out of 14 maps completed with 7 out of 12 district maps -7 out of 8 urban maps
-Land Formalization	Cumulative Y4 targets: -70.000 urban titles and 3.500 rural titles. -130 ITC certificates and titles.; 105,000 urban parcels surveyed and 5,500 rural parcels surveyed. 67,000 applications for titles with 35,600 urban titles issued and 30,700 titles delivered. 1,600 rural titles delivered and 81 ITC Certificates delivered. 58 applications for ITC Certificates and DUATs in pipeline (SPGCs).

Activities	Achievements
LIMS Implementation	-Design progressing well; -Workshop held to validate design parameters; another expected for November. -Cadastral Data cleaning in progress; -Cadastral Data migration to follow; -Acquisition of software and Datacenter in progress
LAND CP	Deadline to fully comply with the CP in June 12 not met; Action Plan developed as recommended by the Land Forum; Communiqué setting 75 days to approve applications for transmissions signed; Desktop Study on DUAT transmissions completed. Field in-depth study to start in September 12.

DELIMITATION OF COMMUNITY LANDS IS HELPING THE DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL BUSINESS AND TO GENERATE INCOME

A considerable number of communities in rural areas do not have their land demarcated and registered properly. As a result of this factor, many communities see their resources being usurped and exploited by outsiders such as: poachers and illegal loggers.

As part of implementing the Community Land Initiative (ITC), funded by the Millennium Challenge Account Mozambique (MCA -Mozambique), 5 communities in Sanga district, Niassa province have received training on land law, land and natural resources management and community land delimitation.

As a result of the intervention of MCA - Mozambique, these communities now have an agenda for community use and enjoyment of natural resources, an unofficial certificate that defines the boundaries of their land and Natural Resources Management Committees (CGRN) formed.

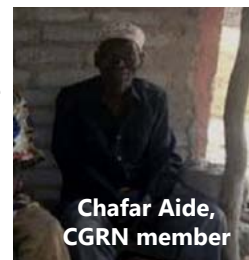
In addition, community members were trained on land law registration, sustainable management of natural resources, financial management and eco-tourism.

Important is the fact that the project has opened real opportunities for women to participate actively in their community life through participation in natural resource management, participation in management of Natural Resources Committees, which is contributing to improve the families' incomes.

The community of Nova Madeira is one of five communities that benefited from the MCA - Mozambique interventions, through the of community land initiative. The community of Nova Madeira and the others in the District of Sanga, are located in a privileged area of occurrence of natural resources (Flora, Fauna and minerals). Chafar Aide, born and resident in the community of Nova Madeira, is member of the Natural Resources Management Committees (CGRN), 76 years old, married, father of 8 children 5 of which are women, spoke to us about the benefits the community has had with the intervention of MCA - Mozambique.

"Our land was inhabited by wild animals and these animal populations began to decline due to poaching by neigh-

boring communities and other stakeholders." With a community organization, some operators started moving into the community between 1999 to 2001. The government created the PCC - Working Capital Program for the Community of Chipange Chetu in order to teach communities to value and take care of their resources. With the creation of this program, some private operators came to work in the community, this created very high expectations in relationships with tour operators in the area.



Chafar Aide, CGRN member



Meeting of the members of the Community CGRN Nova Madeira

Due to a lack of dialogue, and disorganization of the community, the projects have not progressed. The community did not benefit from the 20% of revenues from the exploitation of natural resources paid by different operator because the signed contract for exploitation of natural resources was between the company and the Government without involving the communities. In 2010, through the ITC and Concern Universal, we learned that the MCA-Mozambique would support communities to demarcate their lands. Because of the support of the MCA Mozambique, now we all know what the boundaries of the community of Nova Madeira. We also feel those local operators, already networking with the community and helping us to solve some problems, such as: human – Wild Life Conflict, creating jobs for our young boys and girls.

The program also helped the CGRN Nova Madeira to open bank account at Standard Bank and has received 19700.00 Mts = USD 700 income from tourism operators. Our CGRN comprises 16 members of whom four are women.

"Now I am happy because we have already defined our community, but also we like to do more things, personally would like to see if I could come back here produce honey because there is a lot of it here. "

FISP

INDICATOR & TYPE	Unit	Compact Target	Cummulative Achiev.	% Complete
Outcomes				
Survival rate of Coconut seedlings	%	80%	65%	-
Incidence of CLYD in Epidemic zone	%	2.0%	1.0%	-
Outputs				
Dead trees cleared in Endemic zone	Ha	8,000	6,750	84%
Diseased palm trees cleared in Epidemic zone	#	600,000	531,253	89%
Coconut seedlings planted	#	650,000	625,709	96%
Alternative crops under production	Ha	8,000	5,694	71%
Farmers trained in pest/disease control	#	8,000	10,571	132%
Farmers trained in planting of coconuts	#	8,000	15,043	188%
Farmers trained in alternative crops	#	8,000	7,106	89%
Business Development Fund	\$	1,000,000	581,759	58%

A HISTORY OF Ermelinda a small producer from the MACUSE District in Zambenzia province, is to reap the benefits of safe and secure land

Grupo Madal S.A.RL was a major producer of coconut and Coconut-derived products, in Zambezia province. With the outbreak of the Coconut Lethal Yellowing Disease, much of their crops were affected. As a consequence, extensive production areas formerly occupied by coconuts, became ideal, which led to the neighboring populations from MADAL to occupy these areas for food production.

That is why MCA-Mozambique, through the Farmer Income Support (FISP) and Access to Land Tenure projects, has been carrying out, through the initiative of community land fund, an extensive work of formalizing the process of detaching land plots formerly belonging to MADAL in favor of communities.

About 904 small producers of Voabil communities, Manonga, Mazuão and Muceliua community, in the administrative area of Macuse, recently benefited from 100 hectares of land formerly belonging to Madal. Through the community mobilization, sensitization, training, dissemination of land law as well as the dialogue between local government authorities at district and provincial levels and MADAL, the 904 members of the communities mentioned above, now have access to the title for their parcels.

This action benefited about 857 women who work the land to make a living for their families. Although these women are highly occupied with work and controlling the activities of the farm, they felt insecure about the effective use of land, as well as the type of investment to make since the Land title wasn't formally granted although a process of detaching already occurred between the company Madal and the Government. Through support from other stakeholders such as ORAM, The about 904 small producers formed an association called APRODAM in order to defend their interests.

Ermelinda ANTONIO is one of 857 women who had their land rights safeguarded through DUAT. Ermelinda is native of Macuse, married and mother of three children and she speaks of her experience and their plans for the future space. Before the intervention of MCA Mozambique, the level of land conflicts between communities and Madal was quite high. With the project I learned a lot about the land law. I learned that part of the land of Madal had been returned to the state. At the same time I learned that this project was to help communities to formalize their rights. This aroused the communities need to have documentation on their plots to avoid conflicts with other people.

"I'm very happy because I hope to have some money from the sale of sesame. But the coconut is still an investment for the future of my children."



Mrs. Ermelinda on her sesame plantation

With the creation of the association APRODAM, Ermelinda and other small farmers expect to increase their cultivation area, which is why they are in negotiations with Madal, for the transfer of over 22 hectares, for sesame cultivation. They also decided to move on to other projects. They jointly designed a business plan for the production and commercialization of table salt in a section of the area with a DUAT. Ermelinda said that with the support of MCA - Mozambique, she learned that along with her colleagues they could produce something for income generation. She says that she learned the importance of having the Land title to ensure wealth for the children and other people on her family.

Ermelinda is so happy with the results of the project for her family, that she said . "Me and my husband are funding the studies of our two older children through the sale of sesame and other agricultural crops produced by us in our plot. "With these teachings given to us by FISP we as members of APRODAM have the task of teaching others about the need to have land use titles and value the land and other natural resources to ensure that our children also find this wealth, said Ermelinda visibly pleased with the progress that has been experiencing in her life.

In our field, we have coconut plants that are growing. We think it will be worth in the future. These plants were received under the FISP project.



**SHORT TERM MONITORING AND EVALUATION (M&E) ADVISORY SERVICES FOR
KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDES AND PRACTICES (KAP) SURVEYS**

REF NO.: QCBS-MCA-MOZ-CONS-07/M&E/12 - 288

DATE OF ISSUE: SEPTEMBER 14, 2012

CLOSING DATE: OCTOBER 16, 2012 – 10:00 (LOCAL TIME)

1. The Millennium Challenge Corporation, on behalf of the United States Government, and the Ministry of Planning and Development (MPD) on behalf of the Government of Mozambique have entered into a Millennium Challenge Compact for Millennium Challenge Account agreement (the "Compact") to help facilitate poverty reduction through economic growth in selected districts and municipalities in Northern Mozambique

2. The objective of the proposed Program is to reduce poverty through economic growth in four provinces of Mozambique (Niassa, Cabo Delgado, Nampula, and Zambézia) by focusing on certain investments in physical assets, policy reform, capacity building and institutional strengthening. The Program contains four projects including the Water Supply and Sanitation Project (WSS), the Roads Project, the Land Tenure Services Project, and the Farmer Income Support Project.

3. MCA-Mozambique now invites proposals to provide the consultancy services referenced above ("Proposals").

4. The main objective of this assignment is to help M&E respond adequately to all ongoing activities in both the monitoring and impact evaluation components by carrying out a KAP survey on Rural Water and Land Tenure Project's iTC and Paralegal Training activities, partly in lieu of a mid-term Program evaluation that could not be carried out due to time constraints, and partly as a follow up to the existing baseline studies and finally, to site observe the outcomes intended to be captured by the Activity Monitoring Plan Indicators for each of the activities lined up for this KAP survey.

5. Consultant will be selected under the QCBS method, the evaluation procedure for which is described in sections of the Request For Proposal (RFP) in accordance with "MCC Program Procurement Guidelines" which are provided on the MCC website: www.mcc.gov and on MCA website: www.mca.gov.mz.

6. The SPN and complete RFP will be placed on the <http://mcc.dgmarket.com>; <http://www.devbusiness.com> and www.mca.gov.mz. Alternatively, please contact general@mca-mozambiquepa.com or mvieira@mca-mozambiquepa.com to receive an electronic copy of the complete RFP.

7. Consultant submissions shall make reference to REF No.: QCBS-MCA-MOZ-CONS-07/M&E/12 - 288 – SHORT TERM MONITORING AND EVALUATION (M&E) ADVISORY SERVICES FOR KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDES AND PRACTICES (KAP) SURVEYS, and must be submitted no later than 10:00 (local time) on October 16, 2012 at the following address:

MCA-Mozambique
Attention: The Procurement Agent of MCA-Mozambique
Zedequias Manganhela avenue, 267, Building JAT IV, 5th Floor
Maputo, Mozambique
Tel: +258-21-305-577; Fax: +258 – 21-311-160
Email: mvieira@mca-mozambiquepa.com and general@mca-mozambiquepa.com