





Technical Steering Committee (TSC) of the Cross Border Food Trade Monitoring Initiative, funding from USAID and WFP, has prepared this report based on data collected by a network of border monitors based at selected border points. The border monitors record data on a daily basis, and transmit it to a central location every week for collation and analysis. Currently, the informal cross border trade monitoring system includes 29 borders, with new borders being added as necessary. Data from borders surrounding Malawi collected and managed by FEWS NET and WFP Malawi, while the rest of the borders are managed by the TSC. Address comments, suggestions to the following e-mail addresses: pmdladla@fews.net, itarakidzwa@fews.net; or eric.kenefick@wfp.org

Summary and Over-

view

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Informal Cross Border Food Trade in Southern Africa

Issue 58

February-March 2010

Summary

- The monthly volumes of informally traded maize, rice and beans peaked to an abnormal high in February but later eased off in March following regular seasonal trends. The abnormal peak in February is attributed to increased demand during the peak hunger season and also availability of tradable commodities due to the surplus realised last production season.
- Informal cross border trade remains significant across the region with Tanzania, Mozambique and Zambia being the major source countries and DRC, Malawi and Zimbabwe the major recipients. The main driver for this regional informal cross border trade remains commodity price differentials across markets.
- Informal trade between Malawi and Mozambique has largely been influenced by price differentials, with stable and favorable maize prices on the Malawi side averaging USD 0.30 per kg since October, while in Mozambique (source) the prices have gone down from USD 0.28 per kg in October to USD 0.21 per kg in March 2010.

The monthly volumes of informally traded maize, rice and beans peaked to an abnormal high in February but later eased off in March following seasonal trends (Figure 1). The abnormal peak in February is attributed to increased demand during the peak hunger season and also availability of tradable commodities due to the surplus realised last production season. However, with the hunger season gradually coming to an end due to an increasing variety of available foods from the green harvests the informally traded volumes dropped in March to normal levels - a good signal of food availability on local markets and at household level. The February 2010 volume of 4,500MT of informally traded maize is more than double the 1,852 MT captured during same time last year. Bean trade has consistently been on the decline since November 2009 while there has been month on month variations on traded rice volumes with the lowest amount of 330 MT being captured in March this year compared to the same time since the inception of cross border monitoring in 2004/05 marketing year. The 2009/10 marketing year ends with a cumulative maize volume amounting to 123,685 MT (Table 1) – 66 percent higher than the 74,470 MT recorded the previous marketing year. Maize remains the most traded commodity accounting for 85 percent of total informal trade captured since the beginning of the current marketing year – a situation attributable to improved maize harvests in 2008/09 production season.

Figure 1: Maize, rice and bean trade volumes - 2008/09 compared to 2009/10

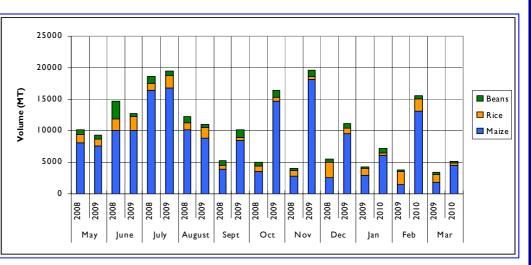
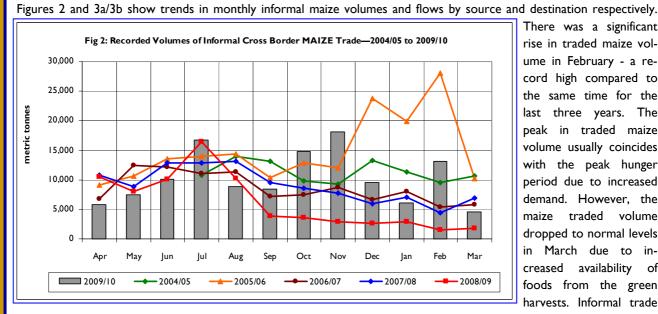


Table I: Summary of 2009/10 informal Trade Flows (MT)

	April'09	May'09	June'09	July'09	August'09	Sept'09	Oct'09	Nov'09	Dec'09	Jan'10	Feb'10	Mar'10	Total
Maize (MT)	5853	7505	10051	16772	8838	8476	14757	18165	9540	6142	13084	4500	123685
Rice (MT)	1300	1135	2156	1939	1652	498	547	458	818	341	1936	380	13161
Beans (MT)	457	596	646	824	589	1137	1152	990	790	702	594	323	8800
Maize Meal	12	332	273	597	234	169	3457	6139	250	259	187	490	12399
All Commodity Total (MT)											158044		

Informal Cross Border Food Trade in Southern Africa

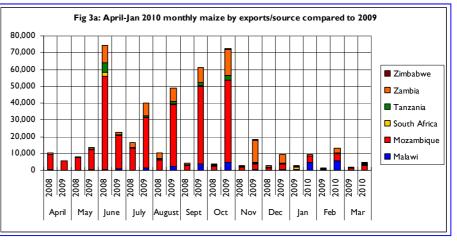
Summary of Maize trade flows



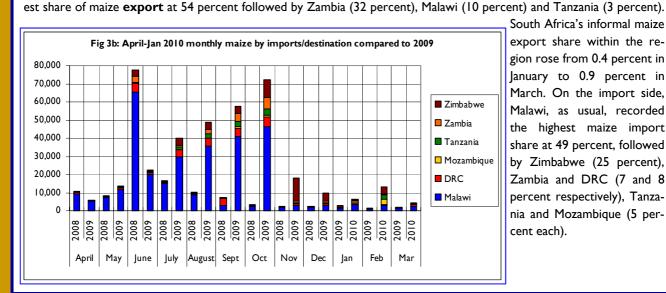
There was a significant rise in traded maize volume in February - a record high compared to the same time for the last three years. The peak in traded maize volume usually coincides with the peak hunger period due to increased demand. However, the maize traded volume dropped to normal levels in March due to increased availability of foods from the green harvests. Informal trade

flows remain significant and most dominant between Mozambique (with a total maize export share of 54 percent) and

Malawi (with a total maize import share of 49 percent). Market price differentials remain the main driver of ongoing maize trade between the two countries, with stable and favourable maize prices on the Malawi side averaging USD 0.30 per kg since October, while in Mozambique (source) the prices have gone down from USD 0.28 per kg in October to USD 0.21 per kg in March 2010.



Mozambique recorded the high-



South Africa's informal maize export share within the region rose from 0.4 percent in January to 0.9 percent in March. On the import side, Malawi, as usual, recorded the highest maize import share at 49 percent, followed by Zimbabwe (25 percent), Zambia and DRC (7 and 8 percent respectively), Tanzania and Mozambique (5 percent each).

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Table 2: Informal cross border MAIZE trade by source and destination country (MT)

Source	Destination	Total 05/06	Total 06/07	Total 07/08	Total 08/09	Feb- Mar 09	Feb-Mar 10	Cumulative Apr- March 08/09	Cumulative Apr- March 09/10
Malawi	Mozambique	133	591	3,755	203	33	3,088	203	6,124
Malawi	Tanzania	944	2,928	1,581	239	I	2,373	239	6,031
Malawi	Zambia	81	202	1,779	129	10	138	129	314
Mozambique	Malawi	71,218	77,394	56,078	54,223	1,543	5,335	54,223	60,399
Mozambique	Zambia	49	1,269	2,113	865	5	218	860	4,463
Mozambique	Zimbabwe	5	2,085	П	178	7	1,750	178	1,761
South Africa	Zimbabwe	I,688	49	47	2,663	659	685	2,664	1,134
Tanzania	Malawi	84,862	1,888	1,073	2,910	930	75	2,910	88
Tanzania	Zambia	13,556	6,260	4,980	2,449	85	190	2,448	3,730
Zambia	DRC	4,682	9,481	33,424	4,589	87	1,548	4,589	9,861
Zambia	Malawi	419	378	2,500	5,388	0	33	5,388	557
Zambia	Mozambique	55	2	0	60	13	112	60	129
Zambia	Tanzania	0	7	4	15	5	53	15	257
Zambia	Zimbabwe	182	299	433	350	0	1,890	350	28,493
Zimbabwe	Mozambique	85	294	129	2	I	2	2	8
Zimbabwe	Zambia	-	-	166	207	0	104	207	344
Total T	raded (MT)	177,959	103,127	108,679	74,470	3,379	17,584	74,469	123,685

Note: Volumes of maize meal trade are estimated in grain equivalent and added to the volumes of informally traded maize as presented in Table 2 above

Since January, South Africa and Zambia have been the major source countries for maize meal with Zimbabwe and DRC being the destination countries (Table 3). The overall monthly informal trade volume for March almost tripled the 187 MT recorded in February. The maize meal tonnage destined for

Table 5. M													
Source	Destination	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	South Africa has increased from 82
Malawi	Mozambique	8	5	12	10	2	6	9	9	6	3	10	MT captured in February to 362
Mozambique	Zimbabwe	22	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	MT in March – a
South Africa	Zimbabwe	16	99	152	3	3	7	67	3	125	83	362	336 percent increase; a very
Tanzania	Zambia	10	26	10	8	7	12	17	8	15	0	0	significant rise which signifies
Zambia	DRC	198	482	413	206	102	150	110	164	110	95	113	increased informal trade activities
Zambia	Mozambique	I.	2	0	I	I	2	3	I.	I.	I.	0	and /or an
Zambia	Tanzania	I	I	2	2	2	0	0	4	3	5	6	improvement in the monitoring
Zambia	Zimbabwe	0	8	9	3	0	3210	5910	60	0	0	0	system since the posting of a new
Zimbabwe	Zambia	0	0	0	0	52	70	22	0	0	0	0	monitor at Beitbridge – the
Total Tradeo	I (MT)	332	646	597	234	169	3457	6139	250	259	187	490	Zimbabwe side.

Table 3: Maize Meal trade flows: May 2009 - March 2010

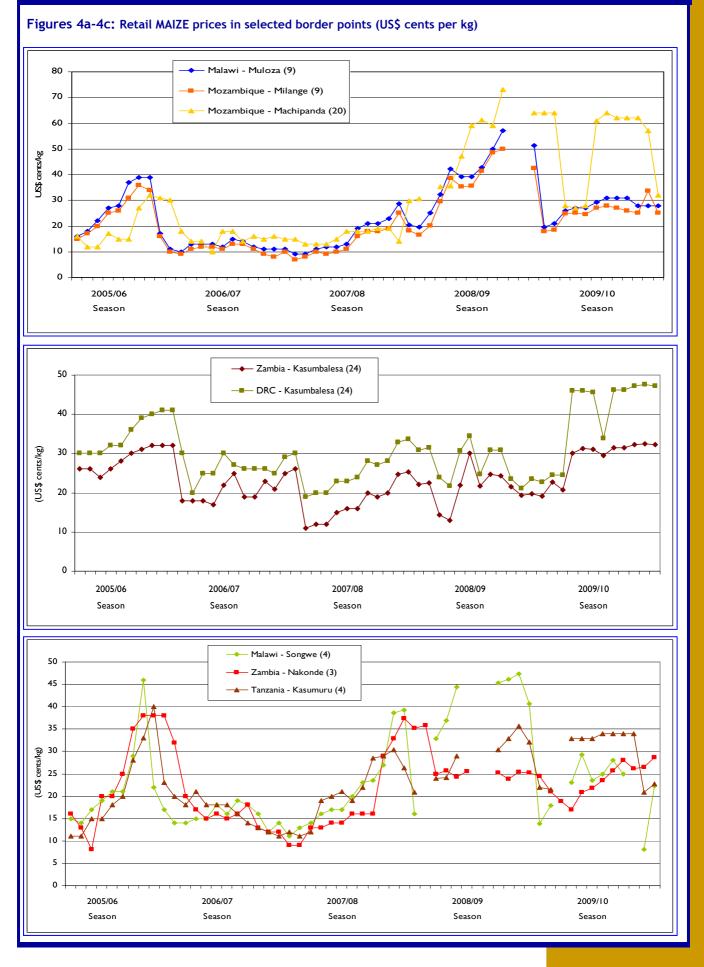
Maize Grain Prices at source/ destination points

Table 4 and Figure 4 (page 4) show the nominal maize grain prices (in USD equivalent) and the associated monthly percentage changes from November 2009 to January 2010 compared to same time last year. The January 2010 nominal maize prices are higher than the same time last year despite good harvests realize

realized in many monitored countries last season. High production costs last	Table 4	Jan 09	Jan 10	% change	Feb 09	Feb 10	% change	Mar 09	Mar 10	% change
season, including rising fuel and	Moz/Mal: Muloza (Dest)		28	-		28	-	51	28	-45
transport costs have contributed in			25	-		34	-	43	25	-41
keeping prices at these higher levels.			62	-		57	-	64	32	-5
With the hunger season reaching its	Zam/DRC: Kasumba (S)	22	32	50	19	32	68	20	32	62
peak, prices are now expected to rise steadily until the next harvest comes on	DPC/Zami Kacumba (D)	23	47	101	21	48	126	19	47	145
	Zam/Tan: Nakonde (S)	24	26	10	25	26	4	25	29	13

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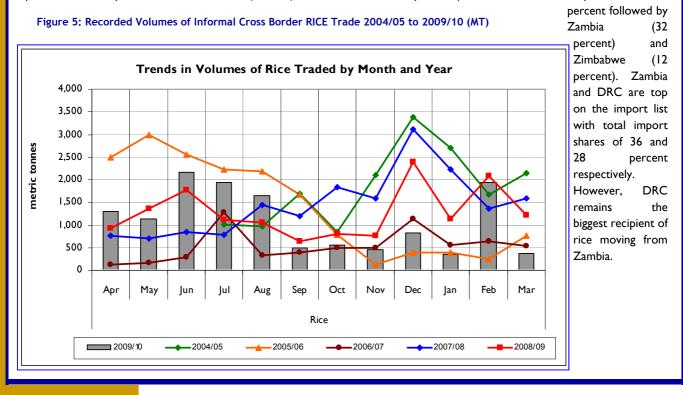


Informal Cross Border Food Trade in Southern Africa

Summary of Rice trade flows

Table 5. Informal cross border RICE trade by source and destination country (MT)														
Source	Destination	Total 05/06	Total 06/07	Total 07/08	Total 08/09	Feb-Mar 09	Feb-Mar 10	Cumulative Apr– March 08/09	Cumulative Apr– March 09/10					
Malawi	Mozambique	12	1	822	58	5	222	58	518					
Malawi	Tanzania	135	1,217	1,568	291	0	0	291	1,909					
Malawi	Zambia	31	74	2,360	990	0	38	990	2,607					
Malawi	Zimbabwe	-	-	405	0	0	0	0	630					
Mozambique	Malawi	1,691	1,718	444	690	2	0	690	588					
Mozambique	Zimbabwe	399	850	1,028	1,958	155	31	1957	275					
South Africa	Zimbabwe	64	82	33	25	2	135	26	214					
Tanzania	Malawi	912	4	100	154	0	0	154	0					
Tanzania	Zambia	641	557	397	374	39	26	374	549					
Zambia	DRC	12,629	1,697	6,746	9,333	2,935	192	9,333	3,661					
Zambia	Malawi	0	0	30	0	0	7	0	7					
Zambia	Zimbabwe	106	803	3,312	1,387	156	50	1,384	568					
Zimbabwe	Zambia	0	0	185	0	0	1,620	0	1,620					
Total Tr	aded (MT)	16,620	7,003	17,434	15,268	3,297	2,316	15,268	13,160					

There was a rise in traded rice volume in February – very close to the volumes captured at the same time last marketing year, with the biggest traded volume of rice coming from Zimbabwe into Zambia in transit to DRC. However, cumulative volumes of traded rice for the current year are 13.8 percent lower compared to the previous marketing year. The monthly traded volumes of rice dropped from 1,936 MT captured in February to 380 MT in March – an 80.4 percent reduction. This drop in informally traded rice could be a result of availability of a variety of foods from the green harvests translating into less consumption of rice at household level making it less lucrative to trade. Informal rice trade originating in South Africa increased significantly from 2.45 MT captured in February to 133.48 MT in March (Table 5). Malawi continue to top the export list with an total export share of 43



Summary of Bean trade flows

Source	Destination	Total 05/06	Total 06/07	Total 07/08	Total 08/09	Feb- Mar09	Feb-Mar 10	Cumulative Apr- March 08/09	Cumula- tive Apr– March 09/10
Malawi	Mozambique	76	269	149	19	0	9	19	328
Malawi	Tanzania	0	0	169	6	0	0	6	6
Malawi	Zambia	19	268	338	124	5	6	124	52
Malawi	Zimbabwe	-	-	480	0	0	0	0	0
Mozambique	Malawi	2,741	2,798	2,375	3,045	42	325	3,045	2,619
Mozambique	Zimbabwe	4	8	13	29	2	0	29	38
South Africa	Zimbabwe	325	83	11	6	3	9	7	17
Tanzania	Malawi	2,459	3,646	3,468	2,749	167	139	2,749	622
Tanzania	Zambia	472	588	1,058	946	62	82	946	1,099
Zambia	DRC	8,23 I	2,422	2,487	1,880	64	285	I,880	3,548
Zambia	Tanzania	0	2	0	0.4	0	0	0	86
Zambia	Zimbabwe	16	69	170	280	24	19	280	143
Total Traded (MT)		14,343	10,153	10,988	9,235	488	917	9,236	8,800

Table 6. Informal cross border BEAN trade by source and destination country (MT)

Bean trade has consistently been on the decline since November 2009 (Figure 6) probably due to improved bean harvest last season in the usual destination countries. Significant bean flows for the 2009/10 marketing year (Table 6) have been recorded from Zambia to DRC (3,548 MT), Mozambique to Malawi (2,619 MT), Tanzania to Zambia (1,099 MT) and Tanzania to Malawi (622 MT). Meanwhile DRC registered the highest total bean import share of 40 percent, followed by Malawi (37 percent) and Zambia (15 percent). On the total bean export side, Zambia topped the list with a 44 percent share, followed by Mozambique (32 percent) and Tanzania (20 percent). Malawi and Zambia remain the major recipients of informally traded bean from Mozambique and Tanzania.

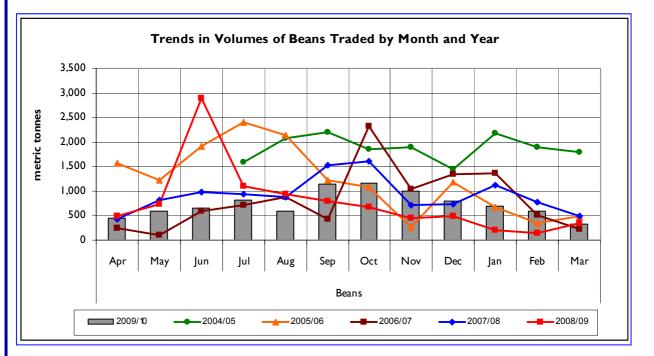


Figure 6: Recorded Volumes of Informal Cross Border BEAN Trade: 2004/05 to 2009/10

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Ar	nex '	1:	Tra	ade	e T	ab	les																								
	2007/08 Season	4,980	433	2,500	4	1,779	33,424	56,078	1,581	1,888	11	2,113	3,755	0	129	47	108,679		2007/08 Season	397	1,568	100	6,746	30	2,360	3,312	444	822	1,028	33	17,434
	Jan- Mar 08	338	0	2,454	0	274	3,880	7,324	1,025	1,065	9	65	1,786	0	24	11	18,417		Jan- Mar 08	17	23	100	3,349	30	510	581	39	35	242	6	5,182
	Oct-Dec 07	1,158	11	S	0	171	10,377	7,712	137	8	-	489	1,786	0	45	17	22,221		Oct- Dec 07	84	761	0	2,658	0	1,055	1,016	130	288	321	8	6,533
	Jul- Sep 07	2,649	179	21	0	427	11,044	19,648	348	0	0	1,084	86	0	48	10	35,544		Jul-Sep 07	140	421	0	486	0	510	1,086	95	488	174	8	3,408
	Apr- Jun 07	835	243	22	4	607	8,123	21,394	71	0	4	475	26	0	12	6	32,49 6		Apr- Jun 07	96	363	0	253	0	285	629	180	11	291	8	2,311
	2006/0 7 Sea- son	6,260	299	378	7	202	9,481	77,394	2,928	1,888	2,085	1,269	591	2	294	49	103,12 7		2006/07 Season	557	1,217	4	1,697	0	74	803	1,718	-	850	82	7,003
	Jan- Mar 07	2,559	295	26	7	46	4,344	7,120	64	1,705	2,075	342	574	0	89	6	19,255		Jan- Mar 07	124	315	0	295	0	60	531	99	-	332	9	1,730
	Oct-Dec 06	2632	-	45	0	27	3189	15726	55	183	9	811	17	0	147	15	22854		Oct-Dec 06	165	106	0	1125	0	12	76	275	0	253	67	2079
	Jul- Sep 06	751	0	249	0	65	956	27,069	451	0	0	111	0	0	43	8	29,703		Jul- Oct 06	168	740	0	231	0	2	141	1,155	0	166	c	2,606
	Apr- Jun 06	318	S	58		64	266	27,479	2,358		4	5		2	15	17	31,315		Apr- Jun 06	100	56	4	46	•	•	55	222		66	9	588
	2005/06 Season	13,556	182	419	ı	81	4,682	71,218	944	84,862	5	49	133	55	85	1,688	177,959		2005/06 Season	641	135	912	12,629	0	31	106	1,691	12	399	64	16,620
	Jan- Mar 06	1,273	62	•		17	33	6,307	309	49,579		•	133	55	85	226	58,079		Jan- Mar 06	178		197	114	'		41	83	9	69	15	1,303
	Oct-Dec 05	4,201	21	349		51	531	8,981	358	33,601	,	20			ı	55	48,168		Oct-Dec 05	172	0	108	069	0	0	34	152	0	45	6	1,210
T)	Jul-Sep 05	7,685	13	36		5	1,641	26,866	174	1,211	ñ	24			ı	921	38,579	(Jul- Sep 05	184	61	4	5,661	0	-	16	0	2	67	19	6,045
Maize (M ⁻	Apr- J Jun 05	397	86	34	,	8	2,477	29,064	103	471	2	2			ı	486	33,133	n Rice (MT	Apr- Jun 05	66		S	6,164		30	15	1,456	4	188	21	8,062
er trade in	2004/05 Season	3,699	13,106	2,157	93	34	8,318	71,229	637	2,656	2	•	•		ı	ı	101,929	der trade ir	2004/0 5 Sea- son	547	450	70	12,644	0	-	50	2,532	-	58	0	16,355
Table 6 Informal Cross Border trade in Maize (MT)	Destination	Zambia	Zimbabwe	Malawi	Tanzania	Zambia	DRC	Malawi	Tanzania	Malawi	Zimbabwe	Zambia	Mozambique	Mozambique	Mozambique	Zimbabwe	MT)	Table 7: Informal Cross Border trade in Rice (MT)	Destination	Zambia	Tanzania	Malawi	DRC	Malawi	Zambia	Zimbabwe	Malawi	Mozambique	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe	MT)
Table 6 Inforr	Source	Tanzania	Zambia	Zambia	Zambia	Malawi	Zambia	Mozambique	. Malawi	Tanzania	Mozambique	Mozambique	Malawi	Zambia	Zimbabwe	South Africa	Total Traded (MT)	Table 7: Infor	Source	Tanzania	Malawi	Tanzania	Zambia	Zambia	Malawi	Zambia	Mozambique	Malawi	Mozambique	South Africa	Total Traded (MT)

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Annex 1 (continued)

Table 8: Informal cross border trade in beans (MT)

Source	Desti- nation	2004/05 Season	Apr- Jun 05	Jul- Sep 05	Oct- Dec 05	Jan- Mar 06	2005/0 6 Season	Apr- Jun 06	Jul- Sep 06	Oct- Dec 06	Jan- Mar 07	2006/07 Season	Apr- Jun 07	Jul- Sep 07	Oct- Dec 07	Jan- Mar 08	2007/08 Season
Tanz	Zambia	509	99	223	87	63	472	128	154	73	233	588	433	239	82	304	1,058
Zambia	Tanz	0		0	0	-	0	-	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Zambia	DRC	12,019	3,593	3,740	843	55	8,231	390	350	1,558	124	2,422	615	683	862	327	2,487
Malawi	Moz	417	14	29	5	28	76	15	2	0	252	269	79	9	29	32	149
Zambia	Zim	372	1	6	3	6	16	28	20	8	13	69	37	42	62	29	170
Moz	Malawi	2,997	683	1,530	463	65	2,741	613	1,383	737	65	2,798	524	1,038	627	186	2,375
Malawi	Tanz	2		0	0	-	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	169	0	0	169
Moz	Zim	67	1	1	2	-	4	1	2	4	1	8	3	2	5	3	13
Malawi	Zambia	30	3	7	6	3	19	151	64	26	27	268	184	101	38	15	338
Tan	Malawi	403	18	68	1,134	1,239	2,459	-	54	2,227	1,365	3,646	0	880	1341	1,247	3,468
RSA	Zim	0	165	152	4	4	325	3	2	66	12	83	3	5	2	1	11
Total Traded (MT)		16,816	4,577	5,756	2,547	1,463	14,343	1329	2,031	3,360	2,092	10,153	2,208	3,348	3,048	2,384	10,988

UN World Food Programme Regional Bureau for Southern Africa, Johannesburg South Africa and

FEWS NET Regional Office, Pretoria South Africa



Cross - Border Monitoring Sites, 2007

NAME OF BORDER

1.Mulungu / Kigoma 2.Zombe / Kasesya 3.Nakonde / Tunduma 4.Songwe / Kasumuru 5.Kalanje 6.Nayuchi 7.Naminkhakha 8.Kolowikho 9.Muloza 10.Sankhulani 11.Tengani 12.Marka

14.Mkumaniza 15.Mwanza 16.Mchinji 17.Marowela 18.Chadiza 19.Nyamapanda 20.Machipanda 21.Messina / Beitbridge 22.Chirundu 23.Mokambo 24.Kasumbalesa

13.Marine

